John Boccacino:

Hello andwelcomeback tothe Cuse Conversations Podcast. I'm JBbocacinoSenior Internal Communications specialist at Syracuse University.

Gretchen Coleman:

I'm reallycurious, and this comes kind **o**fy past background/orking inelections as well, is theoter information side of things or the voter education piece essentially because wether voter ID laws and while I wish that we could change them, that will take ouple of election cycles to hopefully fix.

Gretchen Coleman:

So I definitely owe all the credit to the enter for Fellowship and Scholarship Advising at Syracuse. So I was working withJolynn from CFSA as early as free hmanyear to apply for a bunch f different awards, but more than just applying to get scholarships fellowships and that kind f a thing, working with CFSA really helped me kind

run elections are which a lot of them are run very well and we have full reason to be ablent ust in elections, but the fact of the robustness of an elections to convince eople to trust it.

It is a moredeeply rooted thing that you could be influenced by family memberys, a political eader that youlike, by misinformation. And if that sits with you, that's the reason yogorieg to trust your distrust in election. So I think when we figure out howget people to buy into elections, have one, have the really good research out the trees ay that this is an election out trust. All of that is really important, but we should recognize that that's alcanen't going to do it. We have the ave some level of, I guess, empath for people who have misinformation aboet ections toget them to trust it as well.

John Boccacino:

What else did yolleam from talking to students and the rest of your research base about what maybe manifests when people think about electionesults and to being completely accuj 0 Tustn 1.0 isc

Gretchen Coleman:

I'm reallycurious, and this comes kind **of**y past background/orking inelections as well, is theoter information side of things or the voter education piece essentially, because we have the Dvoteers and while I wish that we could change them, that we acouple of election cycles to hopefully fix. But in the meantime we have people wheed to be able to get to the polls and cast their ballot and make their voices heard and key to that is making sure that people are aware to be ID requirements. So if they have an ID, they can bring with them to the polls, but als of they don't have an ID that they know about their options to be able to get an ID. For example, in UK ef you don't have an ID, you can apply for a free voter authorization certificate or something like that.

But sofew peoplehave applied or them so faith at that's not going to end up enfranchising the people who need to be able to get out there and make their voice heard so I really think that it is on the government and it's on political parties and it's on anyone who has a **staget** ting people out to vote to bridge that information gap and to let people know about their options liber and all of that. And that's not exactly what I've been seeing. I think that there are going to be some gaps in who is letting people know about the angle to be some gaps in who is letting people know about the angle to be some gaps in this with.

John Boccacino:

And thenwith the fact that you areagain, over in the United Kingdom at the University of Manchester with elections comingup in May, how doyou planon boots on the ground studying the election lead-up and then the aftermath to pertain back to your research?

Gretchen Coleman:

Sostill trying to finalize the methods a littleit, but I'm really curious in kind of analyzing the actual materials that are beingut out to let people know about ID requirements hether that's a government website or social media or mailers serpteople's houses, people who don't have access to the internet, trying to figure out exactly what's feasible for mean alyze. It'll definitely be looking at that. In terms of election day itself l be putting on a slightly different hand I'll actually get the chance to be an election beserver for the election. There is organization in the UK called Democracy Volunteers that organizets huge domestielection observation effortSo I'll get to go for :00 AM to 10:00 PM or whateveit is on election day, running round to as many different polling places as I can to collect data forthat organization how these polling places being run. And they're joing toput that into a report to talk about how the UK could improther is elections.

John Boccacino:

It's fascinating and I'm so happy yog'et a chance to begain there on the ground to take **all** this in, to contribute, to put your research into practice. I just want to get a sense, do you have any inclination... I know our country, there could be a lot of voter apathy sometimes, especially at the doets where

itself, the people that you have running elections, your secretary of states in many states or even your county clerks arall elected. They're partisan leaders where in chargeof running electionsEven when I was a polworker in Illinois, it was ne of those people running the polls on electionary and they wanted to have one Democrat and one Republicianevery precinct because it was a really partisan atmosphere. And that's just something that is thinkable to people in the UW where they have this big nonpartisan watchdog group in charge running elections.

John Boccacino:

Now I know mention yournentioned, Gretchen, that this dissertation, again studying and comparing the voter ID laws in the United States and the United Kingdom, the some part of your master's experience. What else are you trying toget out of your experience over the United Kingdom? What are some of the other classes you're taking anodw elsedo you hope to advance yourself holistically through this experience?

Gretchen Coleman:

Another goal that I had for my academic progravates a focus on quantitative skills. That's something that a lot of people pushed me to dio Syracuse and I probably should have done and just never really got the chancebecause I was sjoust so wrapped up in loving my politicathilosophy degreeBut I really wanted toget that kind of quantifiable application political scienceSol definitely have beeseeking that out. I'm learning [inaudibl@0:16:16], which a little bit over my head t times, but I'm really glad to be embracing that. Doing some of the more nitty-gritty data analysis.

John Boccacino:

How do youwant to use this moving forward? What are your caregoals and ambitions off of this program and this ine of research?

Gretchen Coleman:

I have, for the past couple years, beceally interested in anythingelated to election administration and getting morepeople out to vote. So I've been trying to explore that from a lodifierent angles. And then through this master's degree, I really loved doing the researcher of things. And o now I'm hoping to combine those moving forward into my cartee do some election policy researchers o looking at new election laws and how webuild fix election laws so they are so discriminatory, more representative of the people. And hen doing the policy research to shape those laws inform policy makers ultimately hopefully advocating toget those laws passed and implemented.

John Boccacino:

You really aresoclose to so many other different countries and yoget a chance o study and hear what's happening. Anotheluded in this is the EuropearUnion and NATO. Anyobu recently were part of a really cool seminar as part of Fulbright where got to go to Brussels. Ell our audience a little bit about that experience another that was all about.

Gretchen Coleman:

So I just got back from Brussels a couple sage and t was the most amazing adult field p essentially that I think you ould ever possibly go on. So it was organized the Fulbright Commission Belgium and Luxembourg and the provided people representing other countries with Fulbright grants all across

Europe, which fortunately for arEU focused seminatively decided to include people from the UK even in the post-Brexit era. Was very grateful for the assically took around togo meet with leaders and ambassadors, embass of ficials from a bunch of different organizations who aprent of the EU or NATO. Sowe went and saw people from the US missions to the EU and NATO, went to the European Court of Justice to go hear a casergued, which was a fascinating xperience.

Just all of those kinds of things packed iftor days. And what wasalso really cool is toneet the other Fulbrighters from across surope as well because everydmass some kinds funderesearch angle that they're pursuing ordoing really cool eaching work in their countries and it was really cool to connect with them and to see to write Fulbright has haped their experiences as well.

John Boccacino:

What do you think it was about yourself, your researched your candidacy that stood out toerit this?

Gretchen Coleman:

So when they were inviting Fulbrighteins the UK to apply for this and topake ourcase that they should select us top, it was a callback to all the day when I was working oall these fellowship applications at [inaudible0:19:06]. I had to put it together in just a couple of days, so grateful for those skills. But it helps me reflect what I washoping to get, not just with that specific seminar but also the global perspective morbroadly. Because 'm usually so focuse on US elections cometimes it's really easy to forget how much you can learn from how other countries run elections.

And so that's something that I keepminding myself to dowith the UK and'm fortunate to be able to do with my dissertation. And then for this seminlagot to think more

print it out and put it inthemselves, they don't like the fact that the have to print it out. And think there's a lot of distrust there.

And so I think as we'number in the use of the initial point of the use of the

Even the source for my research of having a comparison of **WD tar**ws in the first place means that the US and the Ut for following really similar trends in terms of how the administration of elections going. I think that if the US hadn't hat dis history of voter ID laws that are discriminating people, then the Ut for bably wouldn't have implemented those laws themselves. Authorithe realizing that and working on that path going forwards reminding me again and again how important it's to get that comparative perspective, because the issues that wave and with elections definitely don't happen in a vacuum.

John Boccacino:

Now I'm glad you mentioned perspective because I do want to give you a chatade about just your perspective how fortunate you feel to be where you are thanks foulbright. How surreal is it to wake up and realize that you'rever at the University of Manchester and you're really living out your dreams from the research perspective?

Gretchen Coleman:

Just so much gratitude every day. I thinks sometimes hard to process. It's like, "Wow, I actually really am here and have this opportunity." Even in the eryday things, like that I am fortunate to have my tuition covered and a living stipend so I create ally focus on research and focus on getting to know people in the UK and the things I'm really passionate about with the luxurjust having time to think about big research questions and travel and explore That's something that I will never taker granted because it is really just so meaningful.

And in terms of some of the specific opportunities that Fulbright provides and just beinthy and situation to go pursue whatever you'n passionate about, got to go on a random impromptu private tour of the House of Lords when I was at a democracy conferrence and on. And he whole time it was like, "Why am I here?" The concept of the House of Lords was something that best' ill fully understand and that I was getting shown around baylord who was really passionate about election reform was agreeing to meet with activists in the election reform space. That was bogglitog think about.

John Boccacino:

That's so cool to heaAnd again!'m glad you're taking advantage of all the opportunities that are afforded to you as part of this programe. speaking of opportunities, you mentioned that you're from Illinois and/you already got youbachelor's degree from Syracuse agrou're working on your master's as well. What drew you to Syracinstene first place?

Gretchen Coleman:

Part of it was just that my college advisor at my highool in Illinois said he knew some women... The Syracuse admissions office was like, "I thyiok should apply thereThey have good political cience program." So I wanted to go to school on the East Coasthaatids why I applied. But theafter I applied, I got invited trapply for the Coronat Scholarshiphich is a fultuition merit scholarship for the Collegeof Arts and Sciences. Artdrough that application process, they flew us outback in the dayl think now they do the interviews ozoom, but they flew us tocampus to go interview and to meet other prospective Coronats and to get to know Syracuse. And from there, I just totally fell in love with the schooland the people that I met during that week are still somenof closest friendsoday. So that was definitely a perk with it, and I just really saw how many opportunities this school has. And so when I was fortunate enough to get theoronat Scholarship, that definitely sealed it, and bies none of the most incredible opportunities.

John Boccacino:

And youdefinitely took advantage of the great student opportunities as well Syracuseboth being a student researchmentor with SOURCE and course getting nvolved with CFSA, which know we talked about before, the Center for Fellows hap of Scholarship Advising an you share a little bit about both of those experiences, both with CFSA about CFSA about the researcher and the scholar that yaue today?

Gretchen Coleman:

Sol'll start with CFSA because I got to got involved with them earlier icollege experiences they basically want to go find Syracuse students are potentiallygood candidates for the National and Competitive Scholarship and Fellows Ainpards and then work with them to want to apply for the awards, but also toportray or figure out what the common thread is their life that has prepared them to go be competitive for these awards. And so I statuted king with Jolynn from the Center Fellowship and Scholarship Advising my freshmaer justo learn more what the office provided and all of that. And she gavene really helpful tips from the beginning fjust, "You might want to be more involved in this way or keep these opportunities in mind further on down the road."

And so eaclof the scholarships that I applied fondedup really impacting more really profound ways. I think even especially the ones that didn't end up going anywhere in terms of the scholarship itself. applied for one fellowshipmy sophomore year that wassentially you had to go propose indea of a change that you wanted to make in your community, and then, essentially if you got the fellowship, you'd spend the summer being able to implement that with all this supervisionmand orship and things like that. Ended up not getting the fellowship, but the idea that I pitchetdem was some kind of youth voting initiative to engage more young peoplethe political process. And I ender doing that on my own.Sol realized I hat great idea togo try to get moreyoung people to vote anto give them the information and resources they net vote in Illinois.

And then I spent the next two ears really involved in this new initiative, Ballot Z that I created.IAnd definitely wouldn't have done that without having done that applicatiand then from there, think as I applied for more scholarships, I really was able to hone in, wow I really definitely get -0.001 Tw 9.504c2 Tw (the second seco

It's great to hear how the pourney gets from the past states here we are today to connect the dotand I can't wait tosee what you're able turn around with this research, again, from the great program, the Fulbright Postgraduate Award program. You're a recipient for this year studying at the University of Manchester, working oher master's program. She is Gretchen Colemath know she's going to dogreat work with this line of researchere. And it's all thanks to again, Syracul steversity and the Fulbright Postgraduate Program.

Gretchen, thankyou for making the time to stop by and give us some insights into a world that we really haven't covered here othe podcast. It's really been eye-opening and I hope hyavenothing but the best ofluck with your research moving rward.

Gretchen Coleman:

Thank you so much for having mend thank you for giving the opportunity to share.

John Boccacino:

Thanks for checking out the latest installment of the –Cuse Conversations Podcast. My name is John Boccacino, signing off for theCuseonversations Podcast.